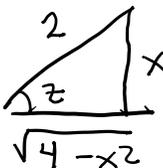


CÁLCULO INTEGRAL. UNIDAD 3. EJERCICIOS DE REPASO SUSTITUCIÓN Y POTENCIAS TRIGONOMETRICAS.

Potencias trigonométricas

$$\begin{aligned} \int \text{Sen}^5 2x \, dx &= -\frac{1}{2} \int \text{sen}^4 2x \cdot \boxed{-\text{sen} 2x \cdot 2} \, dx \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} \int (1 - \cos^2 2x)^2 (-\text{sen} 2x \cdot 2) \, dx && \begin{aligned} \text{sen}^2 v &= 1 - \cos^2 v \\ \text{sen}^4 v &= (1 - \cos^2 v)^2 \end{aligned} \\ &= \int \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \cos^2 2x - \frac{1}{2} \cos^4 2x\right) (-\text{sen} 2x \cdot 2) \, dx \\ &= \int \left[\frac{1}{2} (\text{sen} 2x \cdot 2) + \cos^2 2x (-\text{sen} 2x \cdot 2) - \frac{1}{2} \cos^4 2x (-\text{sen} 2x \cdot 2)\right] dx \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} \cos 2x + \frac{\cos^3 2x}{3} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\cos^5 2x}{5} + C \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} \cos 2x + \frac{\cos^3 2x}{3} - \frac{\cos^5 2x}{10} + C \end{aligned}$$

Sustitución trigonométrica

$$\begin{aligned} \int \sqrt{4-x^2} \, dx &= \int 2 \cos z \, dz \cdot 2 \cos z \cdot dz = 4 \int \cos^2 z \, dz \\ &= 4 \int \frac{1 + \cos 2z}{2} \, dz = 2 \int (1 + \cos 2z) \, dz \\ &= 2z + \text{sen } 2z + C = 2z + 2 \text{sen } z \cdot \cos z + C \\ &= 2 \text{Arcsen } \frac{x}{2} + 2 \frac{x}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{4-x^2}}{2} + C \\ &= 2 \text{Arcsen } \frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{4-x^2} + C \end{aligned}$$


$\text{sen}(z) = \frac{x}{2}$ $x = 2 \text{sen } z$
 $\cos z = \frac{\sqrt{4-x^2}}{2}$ $dx = 2 \cos z \cdot dz$

Sustitución por Cambio de variable

$$\begin{aligned} \int (\sqrt{x}+1)^8 \, dx &= \int u^8 \cdot (2u-2) \, du = \int (2u^9 - 2u^8) \, du \\ &= \frac{2u^{10}}{10} - \frac{2u^9}{9} + C \\ &= \frac{1}{5} (\sqrt{x}+1)^{10} - \frac{2}{9} (\sqrt{x}+1)^9 + C \end{aligned}$$

$\sqrt{x}+1 = u$
 $\sqrt{x} = u-1$
 $x = (u-1)^2$
 $x = u^2 - 2u + 1$
 $dx = (2u-2) \, du$

EJERCICIOS DE REPASO

Potencias trigonométricas

$$\int \cos^3 7x \, dx$$

Sustitución trigonométrica

$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{4-4x^2}}$$

Cambio de variable

$$\int (x+1)^8 x^2 \, dx$$